LUDLOW STREET JAIL.

[CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.]

deputy marshals Holmes, Bernhard, Wattles, Esal and Michols. Assistant District Attorney Fiero moves and Judge Predict pronounced the judgment of the Court. E.mnett and Williams were sentened to five years each in the Albany Penitentiary. Buris and Curry to three years and Harriott to two years. Cohen escaped with nine months imprisonment in the County Jail and a fine of \$100. \*Williams was at one time an itinerant prescher. Immediately after the sentonces the prisoners destined for the lentientiary were taken to the Forty-second street sepot and started on their journey to Albany.

A MAGNIFICENT GIFT.

MR. ANDREW CARNEGIE OFFERS FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OP A PUBLIC LIBRARY IN HIS NATIVE TOWN

A cable despatch to the Henald yesterday stated that Mr. Andrew Carnegie, of this city, had offered to the Corporation of his native city, Dunfermline, Scotland, £5,000 for the establishment there of a free public library and recreation gooms. It seems that the Corporation did not know whether Mr. Carnegie intended to provide for the permanent naintenance of the library. The members wer equally divided as to whether they should secept the gift or not, and the Provost deelined to give the casting vote either way.

A HEALD reporter was detailed to ascertain from
Mr. Carnegie fuller particulars in regard to his gencom in the office of Messrs. Carnegic Brothers & Co., No. 57 Broadway. He is rather below medium height, with sandy hair, blue eyes and a benevolent cas; of countenance. He seemed much amused at the idea that public interest should be taken in anything he had done, and, on the announcement of the object of the reporter's visit, greeted it with learty laughter. He modestly disclaimed all morit for his benefactions, but on solicitation gave an outline of what he desired to do for his birthplace. He came to this country about thirty years ago, but has frequently wisted his fatheriand since that time. While on one of these visits, in 1877, he donated £5,000 for the satablishment of a public swimming bath at Dumfar-line. In return for this act of kindness he was presented with the freedom of that city in the same year. Last year also he went to Scotiand and became impressed with the need of a public library in the town. He authorized some of his friends to tender in his behalf another sum of £5,000 for the establishment of a public library if the city would place itself under the "Library sat," which provides for a slight taxation en the citizens of any locality for the maintenance of a public library, to pay its current expenses. Mr. Carnegic's idea was to erect on the present bath building a handsome stone structure, 100 feet long, of two stories, with French roof and picturesque minarcas, to be used for a library and recreation rooms. These were to be placed under municipal control.

Mr. Carnegie was quite proud of his native place. He said that Dunfermline was the ancient Scottish capital before Edinburgh was the seat of government. It is the burial place of Robert Bruce, Queen Margaret and Martha McCann Moore. Its population is from 18,000 to 29,000, and it is the centre of the damask manufacturing interests. More than half of the damask goods manufactured there are sold in this country, and over five thousand people are employed in the eight or ten manufactories of that article. Mr. Carnegie himself has no bus m in the office of Messrs. Carnegie Brothers &

DROPPED DEAD.

A decently dressed woman, rather stoutly built, was walking quietly through Leonard street yester lay morning, apparently in good health, when, sudlenly, she was seen to totter and then to fall to the ground. A crowd gathered around, lifted her up and She was unconscious, and no one near could tell anything about her. The police were sent for, and the house close by. Thence she was removed in an am-bulance to the Chambers Street Hospital, where she died in a tew minutes without saying a word. Nobody knew who she was and the doctors had the day she was identified as Mrs. Mary Sulhvan, of No. 3 Worth street, and the following

FUNERAL OF ALEXANDER STUART.

The funeral of Alexander Stuart, the wealthy sugar refiner, who died last Tuesday, was largely attended yesterday from the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church corner of Fifty Afth street Dr John Hall delivered the culogy. Among those present were Dr. Peter Cooper, Mr. Abram S. Hewitt, Chief Jus-Dr. Peter Cooper, Mr. Abram S. Hewitt, Chief Justice Waite, ex-Mayor Wickham, Jacob D. Vermilye,
E. S. Jaffray, Robert Bonner, John A. Stuart, Henry
M. Alexander, Dr. Charles Wilken, George H.
Moore, librarian of the Leuox Library; William
Libby, Dr. Agnew, James Law, Charles Lanier, Park
Commissioner Smith E. Lane, George Jones, Oliver
Harriman, H. G. De Forrest, Gordon W. Burnham,
James Frasor, John S. Kennedy, James R. Jessup,
William Walker, Sherman J. Bacon, William L. Skidmore, Rev. Dr. McCosh, of Princeton College; Rev.
Dr. S. Irenmus Prime, Rev. Dr. Paxton, Rev. Dr. MoGill, of Princeton College; Rev. Dr. Hamilton and
Rev. Dr. Crosby. In accordance with a special request no flowers were sent and there were no pallbasrers. The remains were interred in Greenwood
Cemetory.

OBSEQUIES OF GEN. KINGSBURY.

The funeral of the late Brevet Brigadier General Charles P. Kingsbury, who died at his residence, No. 16 Hancock street, Williamsburg, on Thursday last, will take place this afternoon from the Lafayette Ayenue Presbyterian Church. Rev. Dr. Cuyler will ciate, and the remains will be interred in Greenofficiate, and the remains will be interred in Green-wood Cometery. Though in accordance with the wishes of the deceased there will be no military ceremonies, the funeral will be attended by many of the regular army officers on duty in this depart-ment. Major Generals W. S. Hancock, H. W. Slocum and Silas Casey will be among the pall-bearars. It is also expected that General William T. Sherman and Governor McClellan will be present during the services.

February to the Collector, in relation to the grant-ing of clearances to vessels having on board Amermust accompany such shipment, creates considera-ble excitement in customs circles. Since the recapt of the Secretary's order calling upon the Collector for a more rigid enforcement of the order this edict has been closely scrutinized and is considerably has been closely scrutinized and is considerably criticised. The document calls upon the authorities to enforce, in a stringent manner, the issuance of clearances to vessels only on presentation of health certificates that the "live animals" are free from disease. Under the term of live animals may be classed horses, mules, sheep, goats, and even cats and dogs. "Cattle" are expressly not mentioned at all. Yesterday the Collector communicated with the Treasury Department on this subject, requesting a more specific order, unless he is expected to deal with horses, mules and sheep as he would with horned cattle. Several vessels have been refused clearances for not having conformed with the Treasury regulations on this subject.

HOW TO CLEAR THE SIDEWALKS. NEW YORK, Dec. 25, 1879.

To the Editor of the Herald:—
Allow me to call attention to a device which has been tried for getting rid of show on sidewalks around buildings heated with steam—the carrying out of the steam pipes under the sidewalk. Where this is done the snow is rapidly meted and runs of in the sewer below, leaving the sidewalk entirely from from all nuisance of ice or slush and making it warm and dry. If this plan was followed by all builders of new edifices heated with steam it would be an immerse help to the city in getting rid of heavy falls of snow, would prove a great comfort to pedestrians and in the end a saving of expense in re-moving the snow from the sidewalks.

FORTY-FIRST.

Bloody Times Coming in the Georgia Mountains.

The Struggle Between the Revenue Men and the Moonshiners.

Your correspondent after a week of investigation covering the most of the "moonshining" district finds a more serious condition of things than was expected. For some reason or other the ontlaws and their friends have become desperate, and Collector Clark's prediction that "the next three months will be the bloodiest ever seen in the revenue service" bids fair to be realized. Collector Clark contonds that the cause of this stiffening in illicit circles is the confidence the distillers have ac-quired from having repulsed the officers at several points, while Marshal Fitznimmons' friends declare that it is due to the irritating policy that is pursued against the advice of the marshal. Be this as it may the fact remains that the mountaineers are armed and defiant, and one policy or the other should be promptly determined on and carried out. The events that daily transpire are startling and presage some serious collisions. Two nights ago a body of armed men rode into the city of Marietta, and, galloping about the streets, the livery stable keeper, and John Sangez, a former deputy. Mr. Anderson, who is an exceedingly easy person to find, armed himself with a heavy gun and took his stand in his stable door. They stated that revenue men had made a raid the day before, and they then demanded to know if he had furnished the revenue men with horses. He replied that he had, and, getting his gun into position, stated that he would do so again. By this time many of his friends had gathered about him and the night riders de parted. They said openly, however, that if they could lay their hands upon Sangez and Blenkenship they would kill them. They made no secret of their The relatives of two revenue guides who have been driven from their homes appealed to Collector

driven from their homes appealed to Collector Clark on Monday for help, saying that they would be murdered if they returned to their homes.

On Saturday night a raid of deputies, numbering eleven in all, went into Forsyth county and took in one night's run seven prisoners. Their wagon was fired upon by ambushed distillars and the driver and the mules run into the woods. The main body of deputies coming up promptly the distillers retired, but followed the retreating revenue men to the rail-road, evidently hoping that they would in time get a large enough force with which to attack. The deputies delared that they were followed to Alianta by nearly a score of these men, and thirteen of them were discovered in the streets of the city. The deputies held that they had come to Atlanta for the-purpose of intimidation or rescue and the wagon yards were raided and several of the suspected men arrested. The affair created considerable excitement in the quarters of the city where the arrests were made. The two guides used on this trip are still missing, and it is feared they have been roughly dealt with.

made. The two guides used on this trip are still with.

IN THE MOUNTAINS.

The HEMALD correspondent found in a frip through the upper counties the bitterest complaints against the service. It is strange to hear the men talk of their right to do what they please with their corn and insist that the government has nothing to do with it. It is not less strange to hear citizens, who are theroughly law abiding in every other respect, talk of neighbors that they know to be engaged in the illicit business and of stills that they know to be running contrary to law. When the time for "doubling" comes the men living within several miles of a still gather on the hillicite about it and spend the day rife shooting, drinking and talking. While many of these men would be really glad to see the illicit distilling broken up, none of them think of informing the revenue men or would dare to do so. When rasks are made upon the still on a visit, are arrested and carried before a commissioner. When they return to their homes they are, of course, full of indignation at the manner in which they have been treated. This indignation gradually spreads throughout the community and involves all revenue raiders, I could not write down one-tenth of the horrible stories told me of the tyranuy and oppression of the revenue men. "No man is safe who opposes them," said a Union county man to me. "A year or two ago Duke Palmer, of Towns, got out some papers against two or three of them. In a short time after as he was riding home from Hiswasses Court he was assasinated by some one who was lying in wait for him in the bushes."

A member of the Legislature from one of the infested counties said:—"The poor people of this section have been oppressed and plundered and arrested until they have literally nothing left. They are arrested on the slighted pretence, dragged away from their homes and kept in jail for several months until their trial comes on and they are found innocent. One of the most irritating points about it is that these streets are made at

I had many talks with men that were said to be illicit distillers. They perlo openly about realisting the officers, and said that there was no use in trying to break up the system of moonablining. They talked universally as if they were under some deep grievance, and said that they are going to be. The bourning call in the Towns County Mountains are still thoroughly organized and determined. They are guarding the passes to their mountain syries, and it is eate to say that no straiger can enter without showing his passes to their mountain syries, and it is eate to say that no straiger can enter without showing his passes of their strength is that there are sixty men armed, organized and under call in the mountains, defantly pursuing their illicit business. These men are well armed, at their and perfectly at home in the mountains. Each man is worth a dozen ordinary men in a fight, and they are not only desperate but confident. The fost that Berrong eleverable and dared them to touch them had led them to believe that they are impregnable. A citized of Hawasses said to me that one thousand men could not take Berrong out of the mountains if his friends did not want to give him ug. He said, however, that the Berrong houses were all being deserted, and that the family and its adherents were shirting their base. A ride of ten miles would carry them to the Carolina ine, and out of the jurisdiction of the Georgia raiders.

It is only just that I should give the views of Collector Clark, who insists that there is only one with the collection of the Georgia raiders.

It is only just that I should give the wile we have to deal with the second of the contrained of the collection of affairs. I have no objection to that, but it will be perfectly useless. If he will give me a bearing I will convince him by the most absolute testimony that the people of these counties are in opin revolt against not only the United States authorities. What better proof could he want than the raiding of this company of thirty armed men that came i

counter. The other night, in Franklin county, they had only six men and drove fifteen men out of a still, having to shoot one of them in the assault. If I take away the carbines and give them pistols they will be arrested in every county for carrying concealed weapons. I have several that are so indicted now. If the department instructs me not to collect the revenue I shall break up this nest of mountain braves it I have to lead the men myself."

As an evidence of the insecurity of life given to the revenue men and informers Collector Clark called attention to the fact that a short time ago a human body was found with the head torn from the body. It is well known that the corpse was that of a man suspected of being an informer. "My informers," said be, "are usually the wives of men who are engaged in the business. They write that their husbands use every grain of corn to make whiskey with and leave them to starve. I have seen corn in one of these counties scarce at \$1 a bushel when the natural price is fifteen to twenty-five cents a bushel. The inlicit distilling actually produces a sort of local famine, and the good people are all down on it, but are afraid to let it be known that they inform on those who conduct it."

THE COMING CONTEXT.

The arrangements are all made for the raid into the mountains and the men enlisted, but the lack of guides prevented its going at once. Since then the divernor's letter to the President asking that the proposed extraordinary movement of armed men through the State of Georgia be withheld until he could investigate the situation and report the exact facts has, as one of the deputies here over the start of the situation and report the exact facts has, as one of the deputies here over the countains sent and ugly results would follow. Collector Clark insists that he will make the advance as soon as the holidays are over unless he gets positive orders not to do so. In the meantime the deputies are making short raids into the skirts of the district and breaking up outlying stills a

SURROGATE CALVIN'S MOVING.

THE OLD COURT ROOM TRANSFORMED IN A DAY AND THE NEW QUARTERS BEADY FOR OCCU-

tions involving over \$300,000,000 have been disposed of, the old Surrogate's Court was yesterday bereft of its character as a court room and transformed into record apartment. Early in the day workmen were busily engaged in removing the well worn by nightfall the old room around which cluster so many reminiscences were a wofully barren and de-

many reminiscences were a wofully barren and deserted appearance. The history of this Court and the many Surrogates who have presided there would make material for a bulky volume.

Under the personal supervision of Surrogate Calvin the musty records of a hundred years and more were carefully taken from their ancient home and as carefully deposited in their new resting place. The dust of a contury was in many instances for the first time shaken from well worn book covers. The Surrogate will hold court to-day for the first time in the new room, which is situated on the second floor of the new addition to the Court House. This roomin striking contrast to the apartment just vacated is bright and cosey. Every convenience has been added, not the least of which is a plain and simple method of ventilation. The room fronts on the park, and is so built that light can penetrate from every quarter. The raised dais for the Surrogate's use is taken from the old room, and on ascenting in rememberance the new quarters with the old. It is the intention of Surrogate Calvin to use the old room as a record room, while the present quarters will be partitioned and occupied by various other departments under the Surrogate's control.

As a train on the rapid transit section of the Long Island Railroad, on the evening of December 18, was starting from the Franklin avenue station a gentleman came out of a saloon and ran to catch it. He jumped on the step of the forward car, and, losing iam Howard seized the passenger, who was a heavy, strong man, by the lapel of the coat and was comstrong man, by the lapel of the cost and was compelled to hold on to the handrail to prevent himself
from being dragged under the wheels of the rear
car. The train was moving at a rapid rate of speed
and his calls for help were not heard by the conductor until the train had gone two blocks. The
train was then stopped and the rescued passenger,
who is a Wall street broker, was found to be bruised
and one of his shoes was torn off. An order has
been issued by Mr. Morrow, the master of transportation, thanking Mr. Howard for his rescue of
the imperilled passenger at the risk of his own life.

MANHATTAN "L" STOCK.

There has been a very perceptible decline, during the past ten days, in Manhattan "L" stock, it having fallen in that time from 61 to 50. All sorts of reasons are given for the decline. By some it is stated that the investigation by the special commit-tee appointed by the Legislature has caused the de-preciation, many holders fearing that the report to the next Assembly will be very unfavorable company. Others contend that the stock is simply going to its proper level, and these simply going to its proper level, and these parties claim that after the Manhattan "L" has paid the ten per cent dividend which they have guaranteed to the stockholders of the Metropolitan "L" and New York "L" reads there will be nothing left to divide among the holders of its own stock. Some of the shrewd operators on the "street," however, assert that the decline is only temporary, and that soon after the New Year the stock will rapidly advance to 70. They charge that those "inside" are doing their utmost to send down the price and that they are putting the stock on the market in small lots of 100 shares so as to divert suspicion. Their object in doing this is said to be for the purpose of inducing timid holders to part with their stock, which they will gobble up at the low price. It was stated yesterday that there is every prospect of the stock going several points lower before January 1.

BROOKLYN'S "L" ROADS.

There is a force of three hundred men working on the Brooklyn "L" railroad of which Mr. Bruff is president. In addition to the main line along Water street to Fulton ferry it has been decided to construct a branch from Plymouth street along Wash struct a branch from Plymoutis street along Washington to Sands street, which is on the easterly side of the bridge landing. Four iron columns have been erected at the intersection of the latter named atreets and five at the corner of Main and Water streets. The columns and girders have also been put up at the crossing of the Manhattan Beach Railroad, near East New York. Columns have also been reared on Marion street, Lexington avenue, Nostrand avenue, and at Grand avenue and Myrtle. The iron founders have now made arrangements to deliver the iron work as fast as the men can put it up.

REAL ESTATE.

Exchange Salesroom yesterday. Peter F. Meyer sold in foreclosure a plot of land, 45x280, on 215th street, map of land belonging to Samuel Thompson, In-wood. The sale was subject to conditions and restrictions in a certain lease, and when bids were called for it went to plaintiff for \$1,550, no outside bids having been made.

OFFICIAL REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. . The following is a statement showing the real estate transactions recorded in the Begister's office

estate transactions recorded in the Begister's office December 20, 1879;—
S3d at, n. s., 40.4 ft. e. of 4th sv., 21.4x77.3½; Ellen Sanythe to Ells Turner.
S2d at, n. s., 100.1t. v. of 0th sv., 50x100.5; Willliam G. Lathrop, Jr., and wife to Waiter S. Gurnie 20,000 50th st., s. s., 100 ft. v. of Lexington sv., 20x100.5; Arexander Fields and wife to Thomas S. Jube.
S2d at., s. s., 150 ft. v. of 0th sv., 50x100.5; William G. Lathrop, Jr., and wife to D. O. Mills.
S0th st. n. s., 250 ft. c. of 0th sv., 25x100.5; Resalte Mendelsohn and busband to Rosetta Sternert and another. Sith st., n. s., 200 (t. c. of 9th av. 20 x000.0; Rosalie Mendelschia and inashand to Rosetta Riemert and another.

Sit st. n. s. (10 t. c. of 9th av. 21 x77.35; El. 200.0; x20.0; x20.

Baxte at (No. 110); Matthew O'Connor to Otto

JESSE JAMES HEARD FROM

STRANGE COMMUNICATION FROM THE MISSOURI OUTLAW TO THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE-RECORD OF A NOTORIOUS GANG OF OUTLAWS.

Superintendent Walling yesterday received the

following communication written on a postal card:-

and greatly oblige to five most desperate members of the James brothers' gang who for a long time operated in Missouri, murdering peaceable citizens, and who subsequently fled to Texas to escape the by officers of the law. The history of their cepredations would fill a volume. For a couple has teemed with an almost uninterrupted record of their rascalities, their bloodthirsty exploits and ary 27, 1875, Jesse and his gang threw a hand gren ade into a house in Clay county, Mo., instantly kill and overtaken by the deputy marshals. Being men of reckless valor, and being remforced, they suc ceeded in beating off the officers of the law make good their escape. This was followed by the on April 14, 1875. Following up these exploits Jess James and his two brothers, assisted by a gang of other masked burglars, broke into the Nortifield Bank of Minnesota, helped themselves to a large sum of money, and wound up by murdering the cashier. All these crimes, and others too numerous to chronicle, were perpetrated with impunity. Au unsuccessful attempt to take these freebooters into custody was made on October 23 following. They, however, cluded their pursuers, but were again brought to bay on the 25th November, with the same result. Another attempt for their apprehonsion was made on the 29th, but they seemed to be possessed of superior strategical ability, and always either beat off the pursuing party or managed to conceal themselves in some inaccessible resort only known to themselves, where they could rest securely and defy the approach of an army.

\*\*FLIGHT TO TEXAS.\*\* James and his two brothers, assisted by a gang o

conceal themselves in some inaccessible resort only known to themselves, where they could rest securely and defy the approach of an army.

After spreading terror and dismay throughout the length and breadth of Missouri a number of the gang fied to Texas. A thrilling narrative was telegraphed from Kansas City, Mo., on the 3d of last November, detailing an attempt to capture the James brothers, and reciting that in the struggle which followed Josse was shot dead. The account of the affair went on to say that the officials of Joplin, Mo., had a short time previously been apprised that the James brothers, and at least two other members of the gang, were in that vicinity. This information occasioned the widest dismay. It was feared that their presence boded ill to the inhabitants. The authorities affirmed that the outlaws meditated a raid on the bank at Joplin or Short Creek. On that account these institutions were carefully guarded by a number of armed men whose services were suddenly called into requisition in anticipation of such a visit. At four o'clock on the morning of the November 2 George Shepherd rode excitedly into Short Creek, suffering from a pistol shot wound in the thigh, and with sundry perforations in his saddle which were caused by bullets. He reported that he had had a desperate encounter with the James brothers. Shepherd's story excited more alarm than sympathy. He was supposed to have belonged to the James and Younger gang who had previously, in connection with the Quantrell band, participated in the robbing of a Kentucky bank. The James brothers mistrusted him, although he was admitted to their company and was aware of their hiding place. He was regarded as a spy in the camp. He and Jesse had disagreed, and on that account his life was attempted. He had met the party at Short Creek, where they were lurking, meditating another raid, at the time that Shepherd came to grief.

\*\*MIKE AMP OF THE SHEPPERD'S STORY.\*\*

He told the following story of his adventure:—

\*\*MIKE and Tom Casey, another man and

while riding along I said, 'Jesse, you know you robbed my cousin and murdered him.' Jesse moved his hand toward his pistol and wheeled about his horse. I then fired, hitting him back of the ear, and he fell headlong to the ground. I then put spurs to my horse and fied. Jim Cummings, a member of the gang, pursued me. During our flight several shots were exchanged. Cummings had the fleetest horse and he soon caught up with me, shooting me through the thigh. The fire from the pistol, so near were we together, burned my clothes. I returned the fire, and one of my shots struck Cummings in the arm and knocked the pistol from his hand. With that he wheeled his horse and went back."

hand. With that he wheeled his horse and went back."

Upon receipt of the above information there was much rejoicing, as it was supposed that Jesse James was mortally wounded. A heavily armed posse went out the following morning to scour the Short Greek district, but without meeting with success. Jesse James, the wounded brigand, recovered from his injuries and subsequently made his head-quarters in Texas, where he and his brothers, with a small following, still remain, meditating fresh mischief. They are outlaws, and a large reward has been offered for their capture, but few are so bold, even in Texas, as to carn blood money at such a personal risk. Since their dight to Texas they have remained comparatively quiet. In fact the officials say they know nothing of their present whoreabouts.

Superintendent Walling, so far as known, has made no arrangements to supply the meditative Jesse with the periodical he is in quest of.

DAVE FOX, THE ALLEGED MURDERER OF DE-OF JESSE JAMES' PARTER IN CRIMP Detective Robert Pinkerton received a despatch

yesterday confirming the news of the capture in Jesse James' partner and the alleged murderer of Detective J. W. Whicher. In February, 1874, eight men corralled the small village of Gad's Hill, Mo., stopped the train and robbed the Adams Express Company and the passengers of \$15,000. Several detectives, among whom were Whicher and Captain Louis Luli, were placed on the case, and from Gad's Hill, on the Iron Mountain road, traced the outlaws, who were stated to be the two James brothers, the who were stated to be the two James brothers, the four Younger brothers, Clel Miller, Charley Pitts and Fox, to Jackson county, Mo., where the band separated, one portion going north and the other south. Whicher followed the northern trail and found it to lead to Clay county, Mo., where, at Kearney, Mrs. Samuels, the mother of the James boys, has a farm. Whicher, who had been foreman of a stable in Chicago, conceived the idea of obtaining employment on Mrs. Samuels' farm. He went to Liberty, the county seat or Clay county, to deposit his money and trinkets in the bank in the event of anything happening to him. The bank president introduced him to the Sheriff, to whom he revealed his identity. The Sheriff was a schoolmate of the James brothers, and that very night, it is alleged, betrayed Whicher. Four days after the body of a man fairly riddled with buckshot was found on the Independence road at the crossing between Lexington and Independence, in Jackson county, Mo. By a handkerchief it was identified as that of Whicher. He was captured by the outlaws and murdered. It was learned that on the night of Whicher's murder, the 9th of March, 1874, aparty of five men crossed the Missouri River at Blue Mill ferry. All were slouch hats, and one, whose legs were tied under his horse, had the lower part of his face covered by a handkerchief. The leader of the party represented himself as Deputy Sheriff Baker, of Jackson county, with his assistants and a horse thief. The supposed horse thief was Whicher, headed, as is believed, by Jesse James and Fox. Fox is said to have fired the first load of buckshot that Whicher's body, as he lay in the read bound hand and foot. A similar fate befell Captain Lull, who pursued the party who went south, with an assistant and a guide from Osceola, Mo.

Detective Pinkerton declares that the residents of Clay county are in full sympathy with the James brother's and the Youngers, and for that reasons their capture is next to impossible. Of the gang which assisted in the murders of Whicher an four Younger brothers, Clel Miller, Charley Pitts

CHARLES LINDNER'S TRIAL.

The trial of Charles Lindner, who is accused of having been engaged with his brother Edward, now a fugitive from justice, in a series of check forgeries in Newark last spring, was resumed in the court there yesterday. Thomas Courtney was recalled for the defence, and subjected to a rigid cross-examination. His direct evidence was not very materially shaken, and that was strongly against the prisoner. Cashier James A. Hedden, of the First National Bang of Newark, examined some papers found in the value slieged to be Liminer's. He testified that they were in different handwriting. Junes Carroll, one of the victimized merchants, testified that Lindner was not the man who passed the check on him. Ex-Aiderman Washington A. Bamtzinghaffer, another victim, testified that the prisoner was not the man who passed a check on him.

The prisoner himself was next placed upon the stand. He testified that he was thirty years of age, was married and resided in Richmoud, Va., where his home had been since 1874. He declared that he never saw the Osborn check until he was khown it in the court, and was never in Osborn's place, and does not know where it is. He contradicted every material point in Courtney's testimony and stoutly denied ownership of the valise said to be his property. The case will be summed up to-day. shaken, and that was strongly against the prisoner.

PUBLIC WORKS.

COMMISSIONER CAMPBELL'S PROJECTS-THOR OUGHFARES TO BE REPAYED—CONTEM-PLATED IMPROVEMENTS IN THE CROTON WATER AND SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.

Commissioner Allan Campbell, of the Department f Public Works, intends during the working season of the coming year to direct his official attention to making various improvements in the water system, street pavements and sewerage of the city. During the spring of the present year the Commissioner has endeavored, as far as practicable, to do away with wooden payaments. These have been replaced inva-riably by solid stone payaments, although for years past a policy of repairing the wooden pavemwas in vogue. The department, however, came to the conclusion that it would be cheaper and better in every way for the city to have its thoroughfares paved with stone or some equally durable material, and since this conclusion was reached the "repairing" policy has been prac-tically abandoned as ill advised and expensive. In many instances, from economical motives, bad wood in certain portions of the streets. This was done some time since, and it was intended by the department in this manner to finally do away with the wooden pavements. In order to ascertain what further improvements were contemplated by Commissioner Campbell a HERALD reporter called upon that gentle man last evening and, as a preliminary, asked him to state generally what he proposed to do during the coming year in regard to the works under his control

"Well," replied the Commissioner, "that is a very broad question, but I will try to answer it. You see, this department is a very extensive one. It takes charge of all the public works, cares for the public ouildings, looks after the streets, attends to the sewers and keeps its attention constantly fixed upon the Croton Water Works. Its sphere of action, as department took up all the wooden pavements and in their stead laid a good, solid pavement of stone.
Then a number of streets have been repayed, and quite a deal of repairing has been done."
"What is to be done in this direction next year?"

Then a number of streets have been repaved, and quite a deal of repairing has been done."

"What is to be done in this direction next year?" the reporter inquired.

"The efforts of the department will be in a great measure directed to improving in some way certain streets in the neighborhood of Broadway, in order that that thoroughfare may be partially relieved from its present travel."

"How is this to be done?"

"The initiatory steps have been taken already. Centre street, from the City Hall to Canal street, has been made an almost catirely new street. It has been made an almost catirely new street. It has been repaved and everything clse has been done to render it an exceptionally fine street for heavy travel. Next spring, or as soon as the weather will permit, it is proposed to further carry out this improvement as far as Broome street, and if practicable along Marion street to Prince. By the improvement which is contemplated Broadway will be relieved of at least a portion of its immense traffic and a fine roadway will be made to the eastern side of the city. The great press of business on Broadway has drawn the attention of the department to the fact that some steps should be taken to provide another business outlet, and the result of the deliberation will be seen in the new road down Centre street."

"How about the streets generally in the city?"

"They will all be attended to. It is intended to not only repair all the streets needing repairing, but to repave quite a number of thoroughfares, wherever there are ruts and holes."

"About the downtown business streets, will they be repaired or repaved?"

"In nearly every case the business thoroughfares will be repaved. The repairing policy, with referency to these streets, is not the one that will be generally scopted, although in some instances it may be found advisable to do so. In every case, whether in repairing or repaving a street, the best kind of pavement will be laid. It is economy in this respect to use the best."

"What kind of pavement will so end

"Will the Bronx River and Rye ponds be made

"Will the Bronx River and Rye ponds be made available in this connection?"

"Most undoubtedly they will. It is intended to draw from them and in this way crease a further supply of water. With the aqueduct strengthened in all its parts and a system of obtaining water from the Bronx and the ponds, the supply will be greatly increased and the people have an assurance of getting a full quantity of water at all elevations."

"How about the high service works?"

"They are to be diligently proceeded with. The water supply in the district north of the Hariem River is to be greatly extended and increased. In the spring it is expected that all residents whose dwellings have been built on high ground will have a constant supply of Croton. The people that will be most beneated by the completion of the high service works will be those whe live up town in the high ground district. This portion of our population is so long been annoyed by the fact that the water would not rise above the first or second floor of their residences. When these works have been completed these persons will be greatly relieved."

PROTECTION AGAINST A CONFLAGRATION.

"The department will also take steps," continued the Commissioner, "to prevent a fire from gaining any considerable headway."

"In what particular?" inquired the reporter.

"In reference to further providing an available water supply for the Fire Department. The latter

the Commissioner, "to prevent a fire from gaining any considerable headway."

"In what particular?" inquired the reporter.

"In reference to further providing an available water supply for the Fire Department. The latter branch of the city government and this department understand the danger that would attend the breaking out of a large fire, and steps nave been taken to avert as much damage as possible. In the upper portion of the city a number of large pipes will be laid so as to increase the force of the water. A large number of new fire hydrants have also been ordered and will be located wherever the Fire Department shall signify its desire to have them placed. The two departments are working amicably together in this work and with a common desire to lessen the damage to the city or its people by fire. Next year this department will have money to expend for this purpose, and we intend to comply with all requests of the Fire Commissioners in the matter. The water supply will be increased throughout the city and larger hydrants will be substituted for the smaller ones that are now used in certain parts of the city."

"The department will certainly seek to improve the sewerage system to a great degree. Some contracts for building new sewers have already been fixed in our of the city in the work of the district on Unitding the western street and length of the district and will be of great value. But a more extensive sewer is to be built on West street, between Spiring and West Eleventh streets, and along Sixth avenue to West Seventeenth street, This large sewer will be connected with others now in existence, and will drain the district bounded by Spring street, the Bowery, West Seventeenth street. This large sewer hundred and fity-five acrees of ground. This work is being carried on in connection with the Health Department and as a sanitary precaution it is most important."

"The city drives—are they to be finished?"

"Yes; work on them is to be vigorously pushed forward. The Boulevard will be extended from 155

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

HALL—CAMPRELL.—At the residence of the bride's parents, December 24, 1879, by the Rev. J. Barnwell Campbell, Hanvey Chandlen Hall to Cathening Fried Campbell, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

HORN—HUBER.—On Thursday, December 25, by the Rev. William H. Mickle, ANTHONY TERMANN HORN to SOPHER A., eldest daughter of the late John J, Huber.

Hong to Sophie A., eldest daughter of the late John J. Huber.

Knowland—King.—In New York city, December 22, by Rdv. Isaac II, Tuttle, D. D., Mr. William H. Knowland, of Boston, to Miss Adriande P. King, of New York.

Lynch—Walmsley.—At Rowayton, Cohn., Wednesday, December 24, by the Rev. B. F. Bradford, Franklin Lynch, of New York city, to Many C. Walmsley, of Rowayton.

Scott—Class.—On Christmas Day, at the residence of the bride's brother, William H., by the Rev. William H. Mickle, Alpheb Scott to Maggie E. Class, both of New York city. No cards.

Wellel—Docalass.—In Brooklyn, E. D., 24th inst., by Rev. Christopher Rhodes, Jacon Wellen and F. Emmeline Douglass, daughter of James Douglass.

DitD.

Barlow.-On Friday, December 26, John Barlow, BARROW.—On Friday, December 20, JOHN BARLOW, in the 62d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services to be held at his late residence, 103 Noble st., Greenpoint, on Sunday, the 28th inst., at two o'clock P. M.

BARNES.—At her residence, in this city, No. 11 St.

Luke's place, Leroy st., on Thursday, December 25.

CATHERINE BARNES, daughter of the late William Barnes, St.

CATHERINE BAINES, untguiter of the second of

BELDEN.—On Friday, December 26, at Jersey City. Many E. Belden, daughter of Cales Price and widow of the late William H. Belden, of Mobile, Aia. Interment at Mobile.

ON.—Ou. Friday, December 26, John Carson aged 66 years.
Funeral Sunday, Decomber 28, from St. Ambrose's
Funeral Sunday, Decomber 28, from St. Ambrose's
Church, corner of Prince and Thompson sts., at
half-past one P. M.
Chace. - December 26, Jane T., wife of George
Chace.
Funeral from late residence, 58 Leroy st., to-day at
ten o'clock.

DAVENPORT.—Friedry morning, December 28, to the P. a. DAVENPORT, in his 42d year.
Friends invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, 19 Henry st., Jersey City Heights, Sunday, at half past three P. M. Buried at Cold Spring, on the Hudson. on the Hudson.

DONALDSEN.—At his brother's residence, Jersey
City Heights, on Christmas Day, James DONALDSEN

City Heights, on Christmas Day, James Donaldsen, aged 44 years.

Funeral Saturday, at two P. M., from the above residence, 63 Ogden av.

Douglass.—On Christmas morning, 1879, EMILI WANDELL, wife of Seth C. Douglass, aged 51 years and 6 months.

Funeral at the Emmanuel Baptist Church (Stanton, near Forsythe st.), on Sunday, December 28, at one o'clock. Friends and relatives respectfully invited to sitend.

DUNKIN.—December 26, 1879, Thomas J. DUNKIN, aged 68 years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited tattend the funeral, from his late residence, 303 East 5ist st., on Monday, 29th inst., at twolve M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

ESTEY.—On Thuraday, the 25th inst., RAYMOND A., only son of W. Shepard and Margaret L. Estey.

Funeral services on Saturday, 27th inst., at two o'clock P. M., at No. 232 Vreeland st., Jersey City Heights.

FARRELL.—On Christmas Day, James Farrell, aged 38 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are re-

FARRELL.—On Christmas Day, James Farrell, aged 38 years.

The relatives and friends of the tamily are requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 222 West 18th st., at one P. M., Sunday, Docember 23.

Gibson.—Suddenly, 25th inst., at Somerville, Mass., Maria Elizabeth Gibson, wife of Rev. Joseph Emerson Swallow.

Gilham,—In this city, December 22, 1879, after a short illness, Sarah A. Partinoton, wife of John Gilham, Jr., aged 25 years, 4 months and 15 days.

Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord.

Providence papers please cony.

Hackett.—On Friday morning, 25th inst., John K.

Hackett, Recorder of the city of New York.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, 33th inst., at ten flowers be sent.

Hanu.—December 24. of hasty consumption, John

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, 30th inst., at ten A.M. from Trinity Chapel. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

HAMIL.—December 24, of hasty consumption, John Henny Hamil, in the 22d year of his age, nephew of Robert Hamil, of the firm of Hamil & Booth, Grand st., New York.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at Paterson, from St. John's Church, corner of Grand and Main sts., on Monday, December 29, at ten A. M. Trains leave West 23d st. at 7:45 and 8:15, Chambers st. at 7:50 and 8:40.

Harneson.—On Wednesday, December 24, Letitia M. Hannson, daughter of the late John and Mary Harrison.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Saturday) afterngon, at one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 312 Delancey st. Remains will be interred in Trinity Cemetery.

Handenson.—Harris, daughter of Androw and Jane Henderson, aged 11 years.

Funeral Sunday, at one o'clock, from 58 Woodbine st., Brobelyn.

Hitchcock.—Suddenly, Friday morning, December 26, De Witt C. Hitchcock.

Funeral on Sunday, at one P. M., from his late residence, No. 317 West 21st st., on Sunday, 28th inst., at one o'clock.

Killay.—On Friday, 26th inst., Edward Kelly, son-in-law of James Reilly, in his 36th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are repoctfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 317 West 21st st., on Sunday, 28th inst., at one o'clock.

Kindshux.—At 16 Hancock st., Brooklyn, early Thursday morning, December 25, Charles T. Kingsburk.—At 16 relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral from Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church Der. Cuyler's) at one o'clock P. M., Saturday, December 27.

Kinneau.—At 102 3d av., on Christmas afternoon, Heleke V. Kinneau.

(Dr. Cuyler's) at one o'clock P. M., Saturday, December 27.

KINNEAR.—At 102 3d av., on Christmas afternoon, HELENE V. KINNEAR.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, at one P. M.
London and Fifeshire papers please copy.

KNAPP.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, December 26,
SUSAN, wife of the late Bradford Knapp.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 90 Lafayette av., Monday, December 29, at two P. M.
LAUNY.—Thursday morning, December 25, at his late residence, 66 Greene av., Brooklyn, GRASSET LAUNY, it the 76th year of his age.

Klatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, 29th, at two o'clock.

LUDLUM.—At Goshen, N. Y., on Wednesday evening, December 24, DAVID S. LUDLUM, aged 69 years.

Funeral from his late residence at Goshen, on Sunday, at two o'clock.

LYON.—At Belmont, West Farms, December 25, 1879, JESSE LYON, in the 82d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the founds.

1879, JESSE LYON, in the S2d year of his age.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to astend his funeral, from St. Pau's Episcopal Church,
Eastchester, on Sunday afternoon, at three o'clock.
Services at his late residence at one o'clock.
MACAULEY.—On Thursday, December 25, ROBERS MACAULEY.

MACAULEY.—On Thursday, December 25, Robers Macauley.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 16 Barrow st., on Sunday, 28th, at one P. M.

McKinney.—On Friday morning, December 26, 1879, William McKinney, aged 71 years.

Relatives and friends and those of his sou-in-law, John Wood; the members of the Grand Division, Eastern New York; also members or Neptune Division, No. 3, S. of T., and sister divisions are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, from his late residence, 203 Bowery, on Sunday, 28th inst., at one o'clock P. M.

Notice.—The members and ex-members of Neptune Division, No. 3, Sons of Temperance; also members of grand and sister divisions, are requested to meet at Pythagoras Hall, 13t Canal st., on Sunday, at twelve o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, William H. McKinney.

RICHARD AUSTIN, W. P.

NICHOLSON.—On Thursday evening, December 25, after a lingering illness, Magarier Jane Nicholson, eldest daugher of James Little, Esq., of this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services, on Sunday, December 28, at three P. M., from the residence of her father, 245 7th st.

Philadelphis and Washington papers please copy. Ormiston.

Friends are respectfully invited without further notice to attend the funeral, on Saturday, the 27th inst., at one P. M., at the Collegiate Church, corner of 5th av. and 27th st. It will be esteched a kindenses if flowers are not sent.

Decomber 26, at three P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at his late revidence, 34 West 25th st., on Monday, December 29, at three P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

RAYMOND.—On Wednesday, December 25, NATHANIEL RAYMOND, in the 76th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, from his late residence, 313 West 33d st., on Saturday morning, D

313 West 33d st., on Saturday morning, December 2., at eleven o'clock.

ROSALIND-LENGEMANN.—On the 25th inst., ANNIE ROSALIND-LENGEMANN.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, No. 326 West 26th st., on Sunday, at one o'clock.

SCHAUS.—On Friday morning, December 26, of diphtheria, in her 16th year, KATHERINE DE NYEE, daughter of Withelm Schaus.

Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Transfiguration, 29th st., on Monday morning, at ten o'clock.

o'clock.
Shrehan.—On Christmas Eve, at 45 East 84th st.,
Catharine, relict of the late William Sheehan, aged
78 years.
Funeral services will take place at St. Lawrence's
Church, Yorkville, on Saturday, at half-past nine A.
M. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.
Sinclain.—December 20, ELIZABETH, wife of
George M. Sinclair.
Funeral Sunday, 28th inst., at fifteen minutes past
twelve, from residence 653 Bramhall av., Jersey City
Heights. Relatives and friends, also members of
Evangelist Lodge, 660, F. and A. M., invited to
attend.

Evangelist Lodge, 600, F. and A. M., invited to attenti.

TAIR.—At Jacksonville, Fla., on Friday, December 19, AMIE G., youngest daughter of John J. and Mary J. Tait, aged 20 years.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of her brother, John R. Tait, 193 Quincey st., Brocklyn, on Saturday, December 27, at half-past one o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. VALLELY.—December 25, at eight o'clock A. M., John VALLELY, aged 55 years.

Funeral this day, at half-past one P. M., from 359 West 16th st.

VAN STAVOREN.—At her residence, 58 West 35th st., Mrs. Many Van Stavoren, aged 34 years.

Notice of funeral Sunday.

WALSH.—ADELINE GERTRUDE, beloved daughter of John F. and Nora A. Walsh, aged 7 years and 6 months.

Funeral from residence of her parents, 78 Chariton

John F. and Nora A. Walsh, aged 7 years and 6 months.

Funeral from residence of her parents, 78 Charlton st., Sunday, at one P. M.
WAINER.—Suddenly, on Friday morning, 26th inst., CHARLOTTE STRENG, widow of the late Hiram W. Warner.

The funeral services will be held at her late residence, No. 533 Madison av., on Monday, the 29th inst., at ten o'clock A. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

WEINBERGER.—CLARENCE. youngest son of Isaac S. and Emma Weinberger, after a short illness.

Friends and acquaintances are cordially invited to the funeral, which will take place on Sunday, December 28, at ten o'clock A. M., at the residence of the parents, No. 110 East 74th st. No flowers.